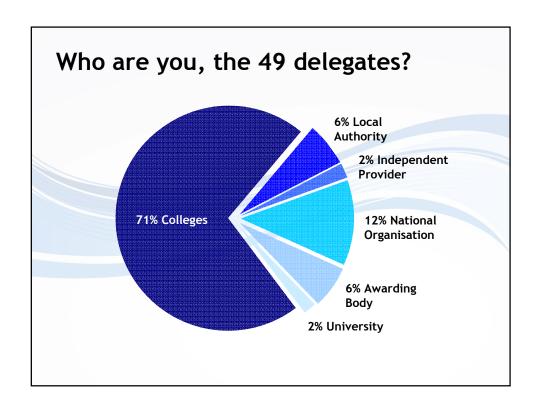


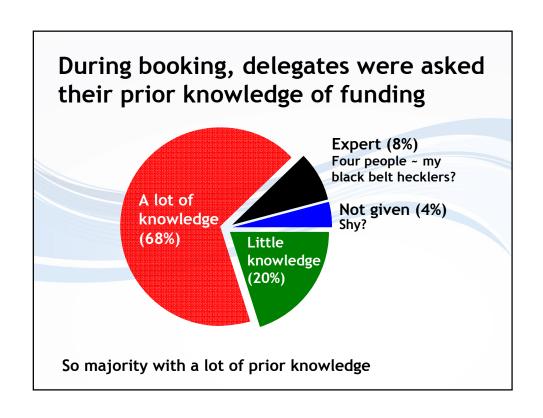
Summit programme

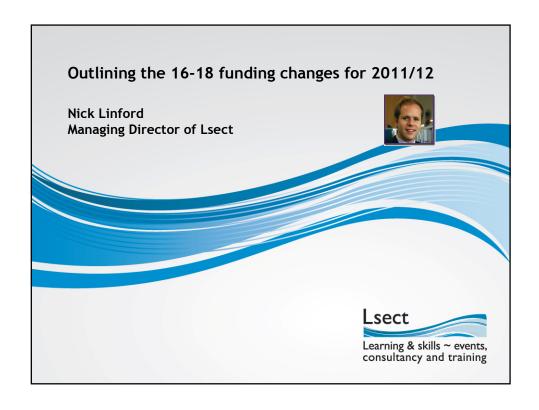
- 10.30 Welcome and introductions
- 10.40 Outlining the 16-18 funding changes
- 11,40 Refreshments
- 12.00 The rationale for the changes from the YPLA
- 12.40 The view from the ASCL
- 13.00 Lunch
- 13.50 The view from the NUS
- 14.10 What recent research into enrichment tells us
- 14.30 Potential for support from LSIS
- 14.50 Impact analysis and response
- 15.30 Funding Summit end

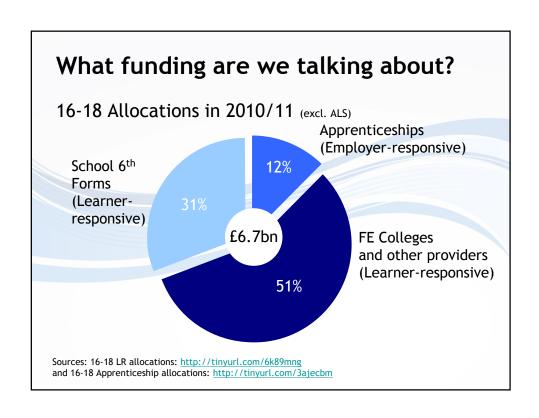












Schools White Paper

And Bill currently going through Parliament

"Ofsted will cease routine inspection of schools and sixth form colleges previously judged to be outstanding"

Definition of routine?

"End the ['on average £280'] disparity in funding for 16-18 year-olds, so that schools and colleges are funded at the same levels as one another [by 2015]."

All on £2920 national funding rate for next four years?

"Subject to legislation, we intend to replace the existing Young People's Learning Agency and set up a new Education Funding Agency (EFA) as an executive agency of the Department"

The Importance

of Teaching

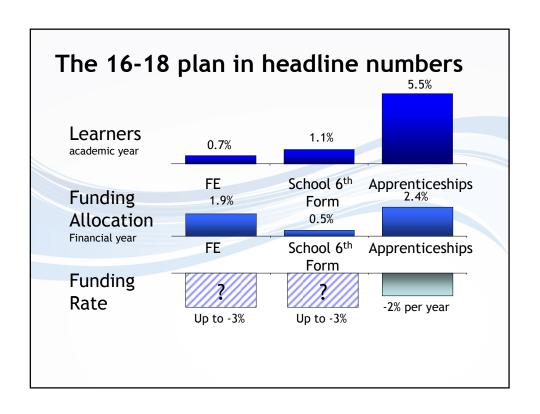
4-19 national funding methodology?

"We will raise to 17 by 2013 and then 18 by 2015 the age to which all young people will be expected to participate in education or training."

Not fund part-time provision and move to learner funding model?

16-18 YPLA planning assumptions yola Population Falls "Drops 90,000 by 2014/15" Participation Increases "All 16 and 17 year olds by 2014/15" Volumes increase slightly "Increase by 62,000 by 2014/15" Population and participation in education and training 2,400,000 Number of 16-18 year olds 2.300.000 2 200 000 16-18 participation rate 80% 2,100,000 70% 2,000,000 60% 1,900,000 1,800,000 1,700,000 1,600,000 30% 1.500.000 20% 1.400.000 1,300,000 1.200.000 2002/03 2006/07 2010/11





The 16-18 changes for 2011/12

Entitlement cut by 84 SLN GLH (114 to 30)

84 / 450 x £2,920 x 1.35 = £736 approx per learner £736 x 1m FT learners = approx £700m saving

Although entitlement cut does push up Provider Factor SLN per learner cap will be approx 1.56 (TBC)

£150m more for disadvantage uplift and ALS

IMD 2007 (rather than 2004) will be used for DU uplift

'Transitional protection to smooth implementation'

Limit reduction in rate to 3% in 1st of 3 years of protection

Lagged learner number funding for allocations

Allocation methodology (mechanistic)

Lagged learner numbers

2009/10 F05 × 2010/11 LR01 =

2011/12

2009/10 F01

learner allocation

SLN per learner ratio

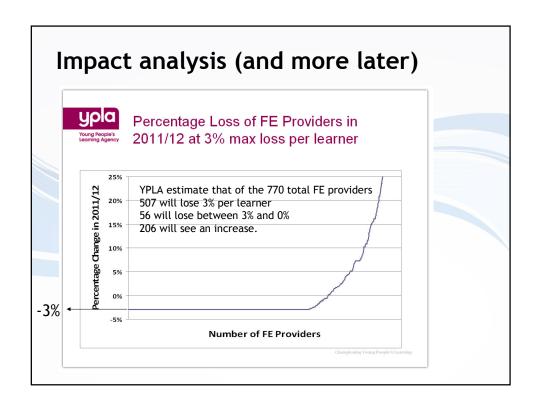
Taken from 2009/10

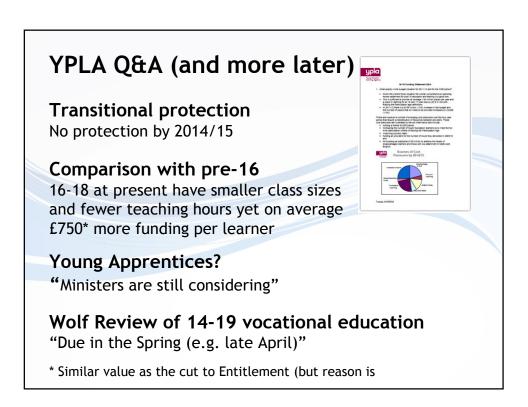
Reduced to reflect entitlement reduction

Providers in top 20% ratio will see their ratio reduced half-way to the 80th percentile

Provider factor based on 2009/10 and 2008/09 success rates

Learners x SLN ratio x national funding rate x provider factor = allocation (possibly with protection)





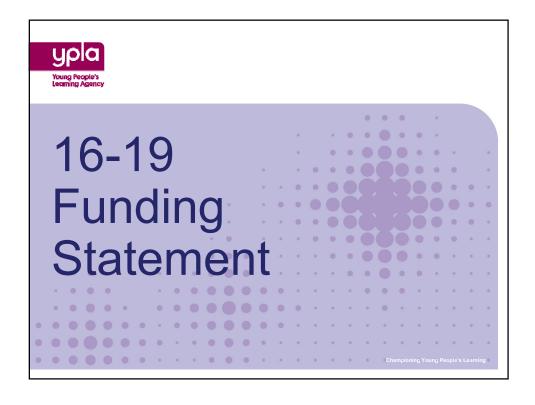


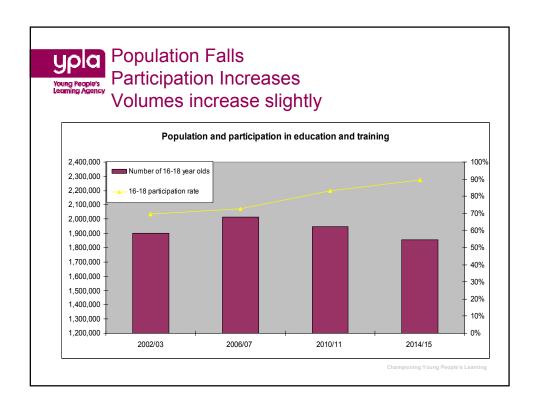


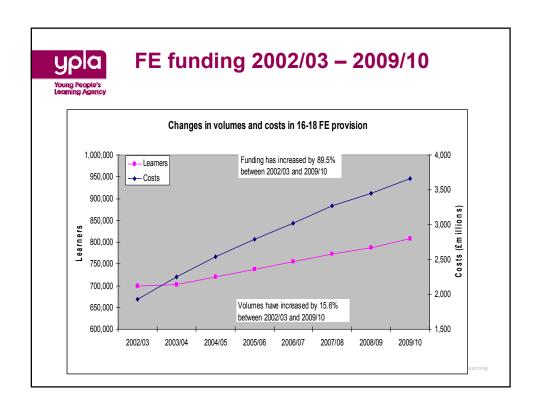
Key points from the White Paper

- all young people staying on in education and training to age 18 by 2015
- a simple post-16 funding system
- end the disparity by bringing the funding levels for school sixth forms into line with colleges
- transition towards fairer post-16 funding will begin in 2011–12 and will be completed by 2015
- provide the necessary transitional protection for schools and colleges facing significant changes











upla Key Messages - Participation

Funds full participation for those age 16 and 17 by 2015

Record number of young people funded, average of 1.64 million per year

An increase of 62,000 places in learning by 2014/15

Against population decline of over 90,000

Support the ambition for 1 in 5 young people to access an Apprenticeship by 2020

Championing Young People's Learning



An increase of £150 million for Disadvantage and those with low attainment (ALS)

Maximum Flexibility in how funds are used

Potential alignment with Pupil Premium and National Scholarship Programme and increased transparency of funding for disadvantage

No funding rate increases in any other programmes, including the funding for ISP for those with LLDD



Reductions in 16-18 unit costs

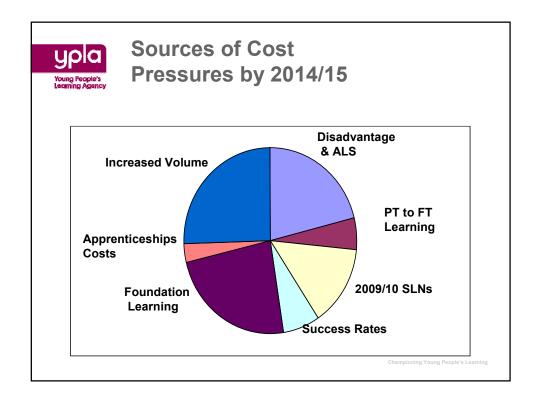
Converge SSF funding with other providers

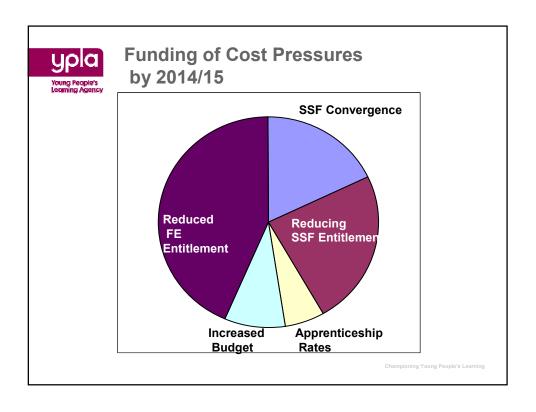
Protection for the "core" programme

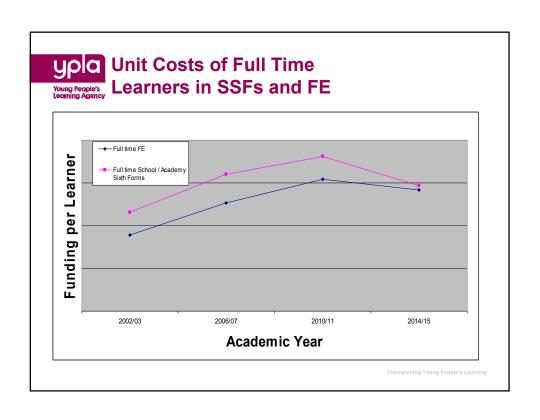
Reduction in generic entitlement curriculum hours

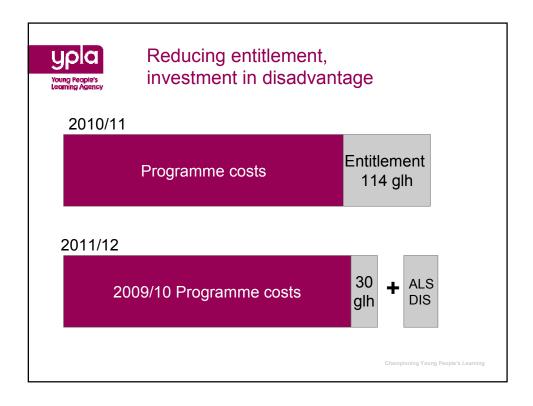
Transitional Protection until 2013/14

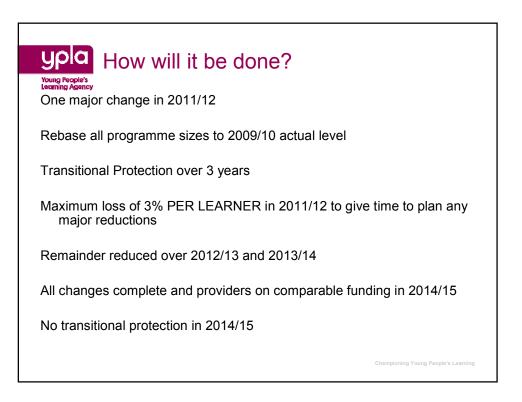
Maximum loss of 3% per learner in 2011/12

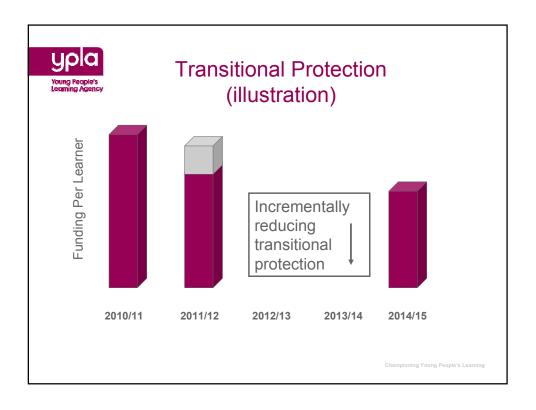


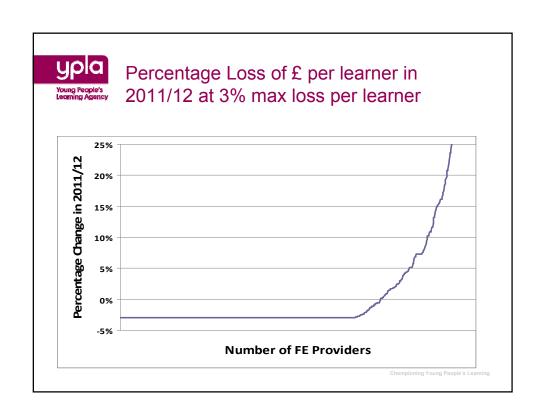






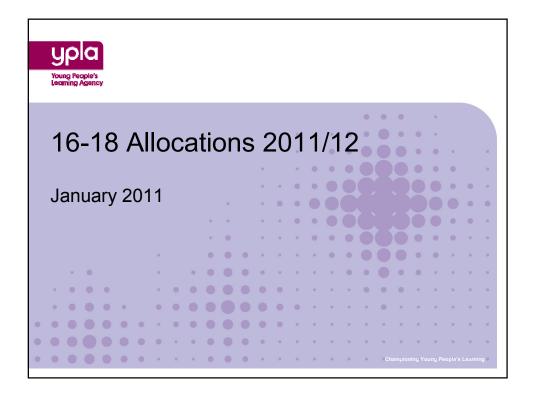








- During 2010/11 the YPLA streamlined the overall allocations process.
- In 2011/12 we will examine if further simplification to the learner responsive and the Apprenticeship funding methodologies is needed and would be welcomed by the sector.
- We aim to establish if further simplification would reduce bureaucracy and improve transparency whilst retaining the link with provider costs.

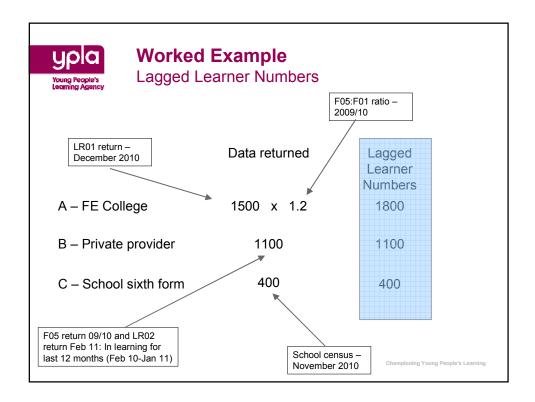


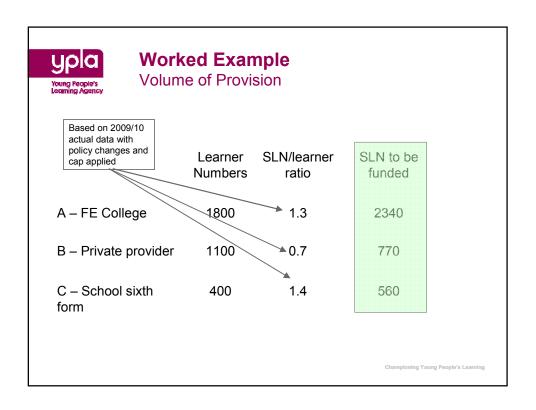


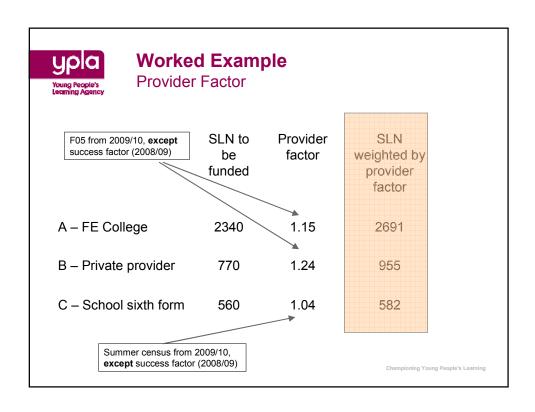
Lagged learner number basis for funding for vast majority of provision – but **not** 'lagged funding'

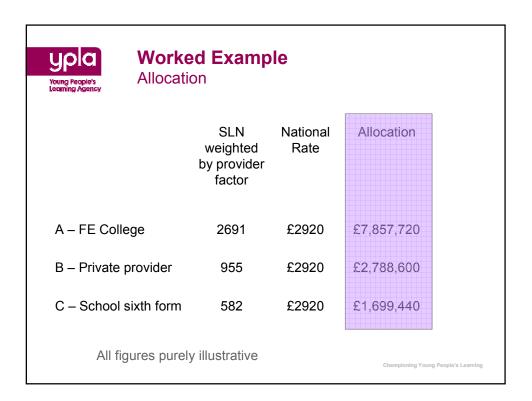
Minimal exceptions

All calculations (SLN, factors, rates) will take into account final decisions on savings









Young People's Learning Agency	orked Exam dditional Lear ost)	•	ort (low	
	SLN unweighted by provider factor	Formulaic ALS FE 60% School 100%	Historic ALS FE 40%	Allocation
A – FE College	2340	£300,000	£200,000	£500,000
B – Private provid	er 770	£120,000	£80,000*	£200,000
C – School sixth f	orm 560	£80,000	£0	£80,000
* Ba	sed on formula fror	n 2010/11	Championing	Young People's Learning



2010/11	Funding (£)	Funded Learners	£/learner
College A	6,765,000	1650	4100
Provider B	3,937,500	1125	3500
School C	1,824,000	380	4800

2011/12	Lagged Learners	Indicative Funding (£)	£/learner	Raw % change	Capped % change	Revised Funding (£)	Transitional Protection (£)
College A	1650	6,467,340	3920	-4.4%	-3.0%	6,562,050	+94,710
Provider B	1125	4,146,188	3686	+5.3%	n/a	4,146,188	n/a
School C	380	1,650,720	4344	-9.5%	-3.0%	1,769,280	+118,560

Championing Young People's Learning



2010/11	Funding (£)	Funded Learners	£/learner
College A	6,765,000	1650	4100
Provider B	3,937,500	1125	3500
School C	1,824,000	380	4800

2011/12	Lagged Learners	Indicative Funding (£)	£/learner	Raw % change	Capped % change	Revised Funding (£)	Transitional Protection (£)
College A	1820	7,133,672	3920	-4.4%	-3.0%	7,238,140	+104,468
Provider B	1240	4,570,020	3686	+5.3%	n/a	4,570,020	n/a
School C	420	1,824,480	4344	-9.5%	-3.0%	1,955,520	+131,040



2010/11	Funding (£)	Funded Learners	£/learner
College A	6,765,000	1650	4100
Provider B	3,937,500	1125	3500
School C	1,824,000	380	4800

2011/12	Lagged Learners	Indicative Funding (£)	£/learner	Raw % change	Capped % change	Revised Funding (£)	Transitional Protection (£)
College A	1480	5,801,008	3920	-4.4%	-3.0%	5,885,960	+84,952
Provider B	1010	3,722,355	3686	+5.3%	n/a	3,641,050	n/a
School C	340	1,476,960	4344	-9.5%	-3.0%	1,583,040	+106,080

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Allocations 2011/12 Timeline

December – February	■The YPLA uses data alongside information provided by local authorities to calculate provisional provider allocations. ■The first step will be an allocation of learner numbers and the final funding rate will be set later in the process. ■The YPLA exchanges information with providers, where required, to refine allocations. Local authorities receive information on provisional allocations to providers.
March	•The YPLA confirms the final funding rate and final allocations to providers.
May – August	•The YPLA issues funding agreements/contracts to organisations either directly or through the lead contact, which are required to be signed and returned by the funded organisation.
August	Payment commences for the academic year through the lead contact organisation where applicable.



yola Next Steps

Data collated for all colleges, schools and other providers

Infrastructure changes and data issues moderated

Provisional Learner Nos etc Distributed

Queries notified by 18th Feb

Review overall and at detailed level

Outstanding issues resolved during February

Confirm National Rate per SLN

Final allocations in March...

Championing Young People's Learning



What is Foundation Learning?

Foundation Learning (FL) is provision for 14 to 19 year old learners working predominantly at entry level or level 1

Learners follow personalised programmes with qualifications drawn mostly off the Qualifications and Credit Framework (QCF) and Functional Skills

Learning programmes will include components of vocational/subject learning; Personal and Social Development and Functional Skills

There is a strong focus on supporting the learner to progress and reach their full learning potential

FL will be crucial in supporting the overall aims of increasing participation, attainment and progression for all young people



Principles

YPLA Demand-led Funding methodology

Funding is individual based on the learning programme (SLN + Entitlement + ALS)

Majority of SLNs to be Qualifications, FL Catalogue, QCF or other + entitlement + ALS

Entry level 1 (Personal Progress plus some others) are unlisted

Weekly funding available (10%*)

Provision that can not be qualification based can be funded as "non-externally accredited"*

* Seek support of your LA recommended but not mandatory

Championing Young People's Learning



Guides to Funding Foundation Learning

Overview of Foundation Learning

Key Changes

Funding Foundation Learning

Annexes - Understanding the formula

- Further Information

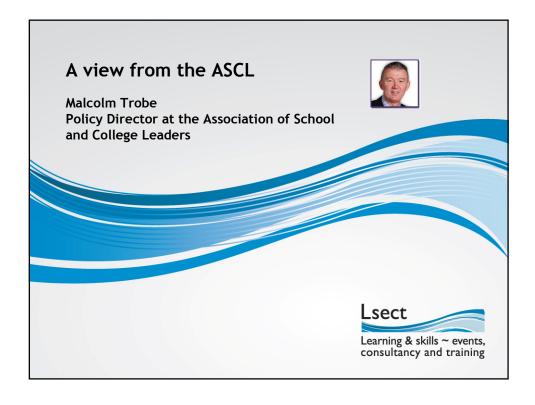
Worked Examples

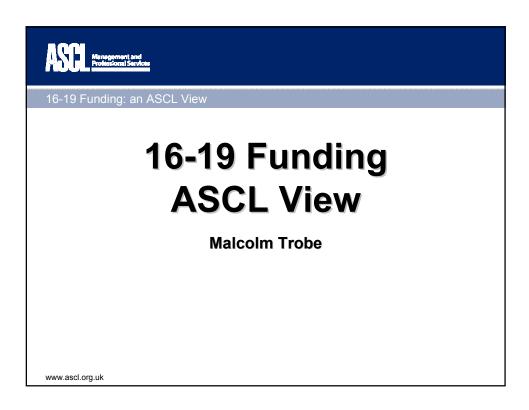
- Qualification funded with PSD delivered separately
- PSD delivered through a vocational qualification
- Learner has already achieved elements of the programme
- Weekly Funding followed by Qualification Funding
- Non-externally accredited learner-responsive provision
- Entry Level 1 unlisted programme.

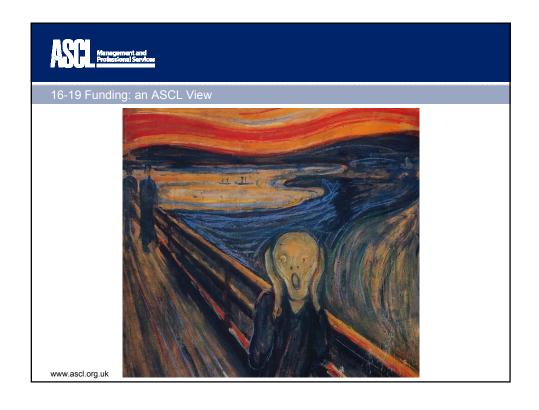
Frequently asked questions

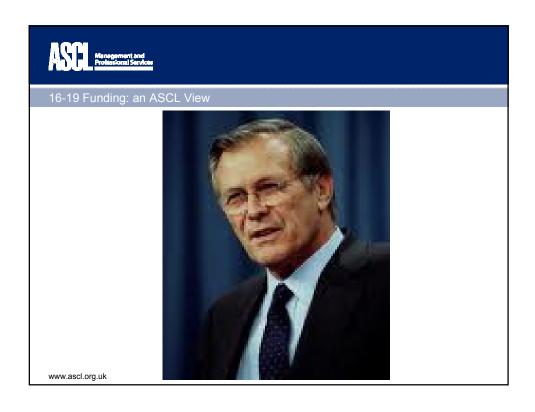


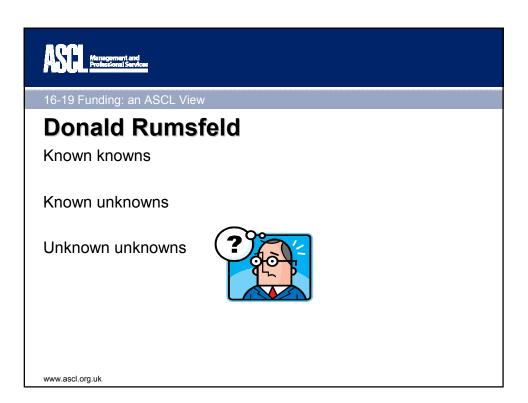
http://www.ypla.gov.uk/aboutus/ourwork/funding/ /funding-foundation-learning/













16-19 Funding: an ASCL View

2011-12

Not a good situation to be in

- · Agree with funding convergence
- Reduction of 3% per student for most institution
- Reduced curriculum opportunities
- · Larger groups
- Reduction in student support
- · Impact of loss of EMA
- · Complication if arguing for more discretionary funding

www.ascl.org.uk



16-19 Funding: an ASCL View

Rest of CSR Period

Continued reduction of funding in all sectors

- Reductions take the sector to a level that will have an impact on student achievements?
- Takes funding to unsustainable level?
- · Major reductions to provision?
- Unforeseen consequences?
- Lack of information: transition arrangements?
- Lack of congruence with government objectives?

www.ascl.org.uk



16-19 Funding: an ASCL View

Implications and Actions

- · Curriculum choice reduced?
- · Student support reduced?
- · Reduced contact time?
- Impact on student achievement?
- · Need to know actual impact on institutions
- · Lobbying activities; clear planned strategy
- · All bodies acting together
- · Politicians
- · Parental lobby
- Objective: raise the level of the 2014-15 funding

www.ascl.org.uk



16-19 Funding: an ASCL View

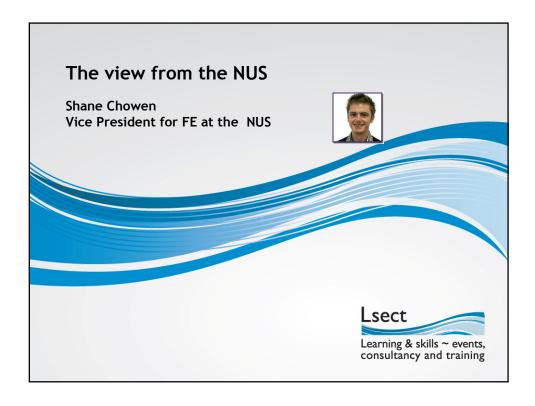
Review of the formula

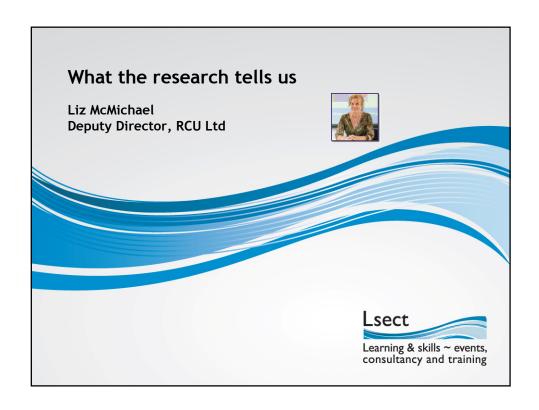
- · If it ain't broke don't fix it!
- Needs some small adjustments
- Government's search for simplicity ends up as simplistic?
- · Don't fear complexity
- The importance is to get the right answer
- Weighted FTE would be our fallback situation

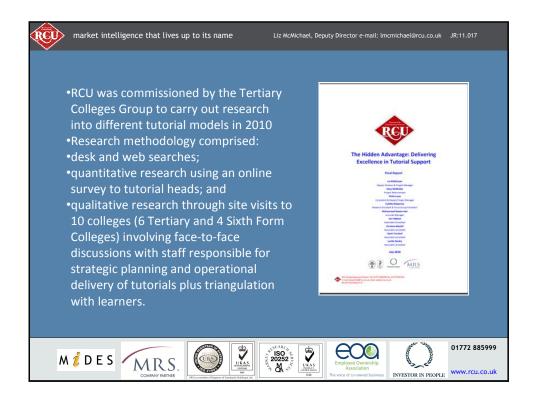
www.ascl.org.uk

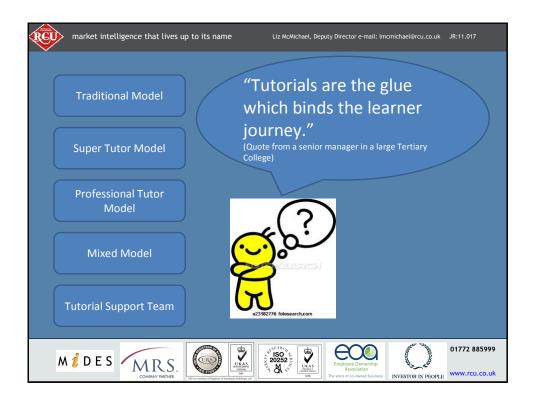


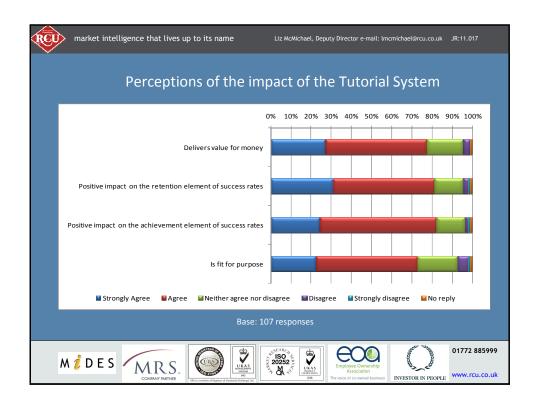


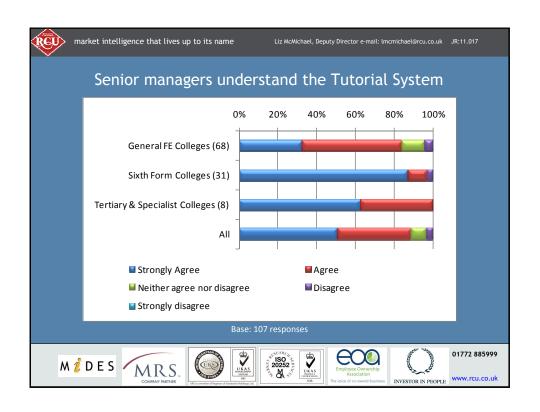




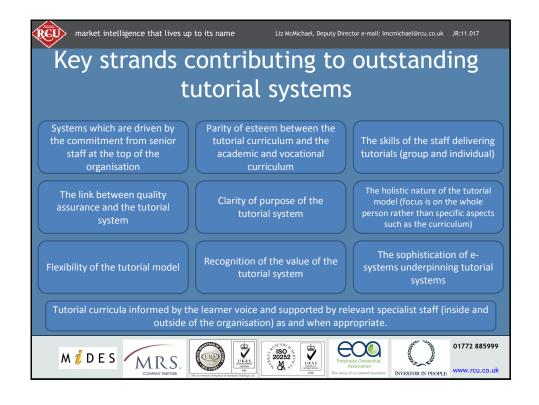


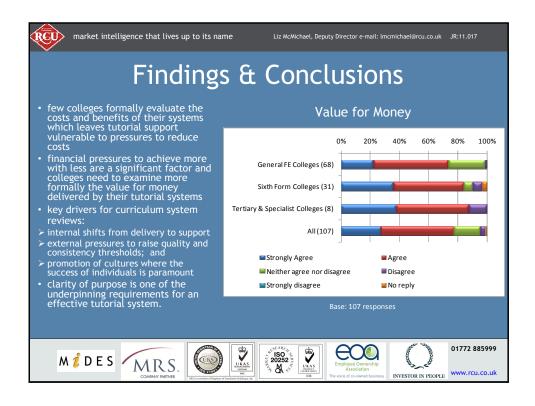




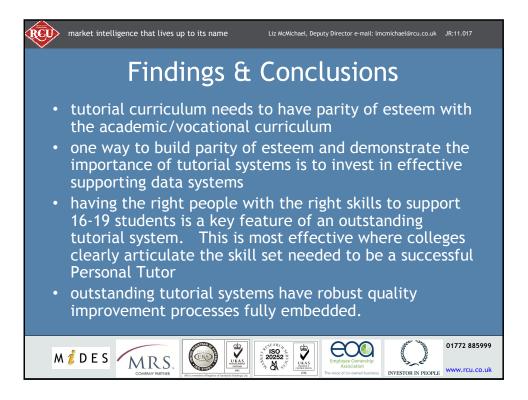


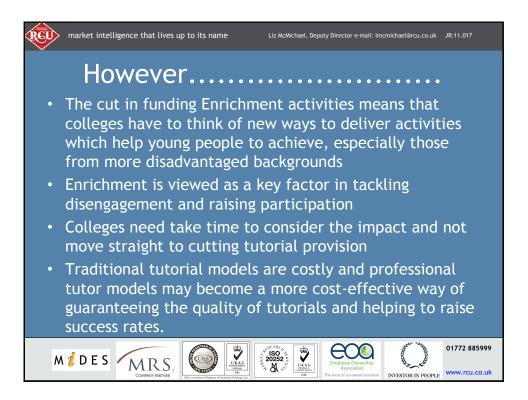


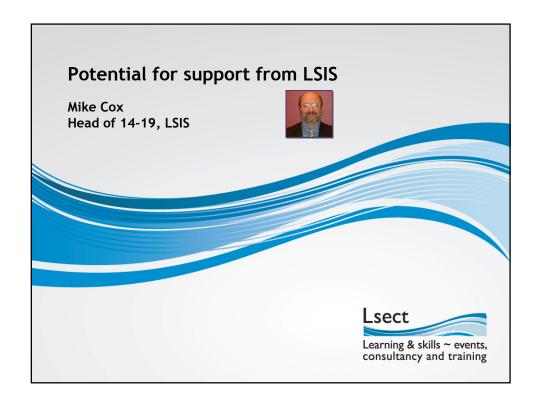












How can LSIS support the sector?



Establish forums to orchestrate discussion

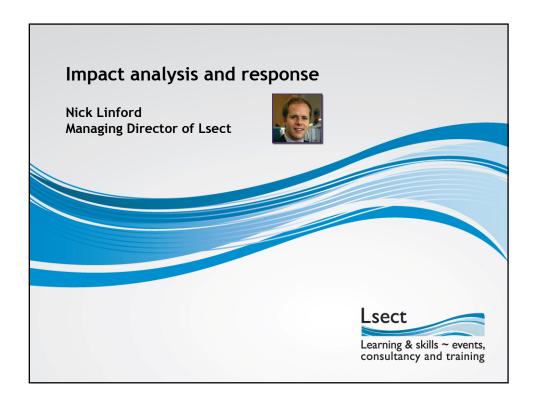
- Impact of changes to entitlement
- Funding cuts
- EMAs
- Curriculum design and delivery
- Other key areas identified by the sector

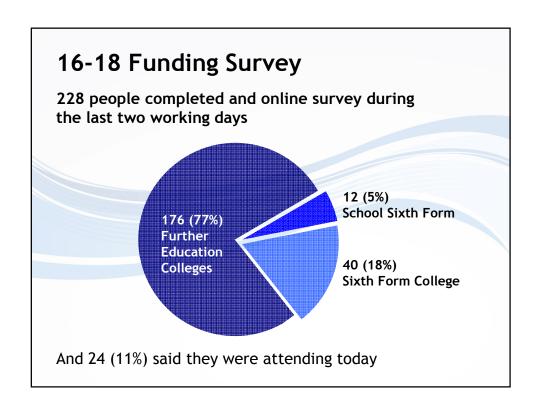
Develop options for handling the emerging situation

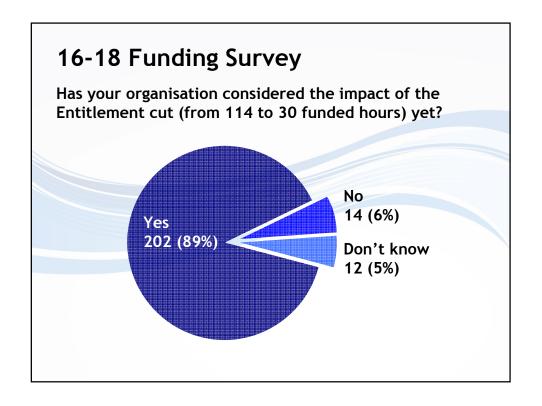
Consider different approaches effective in various settings

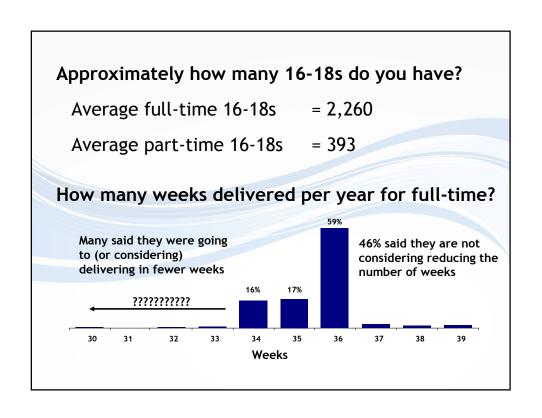
Establish ways of sharing experiences

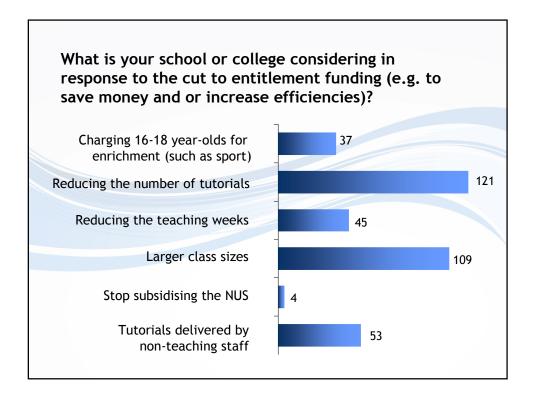
- Through peer support groups
- Existing networks
- Draw on existing materials and resources where appropriate





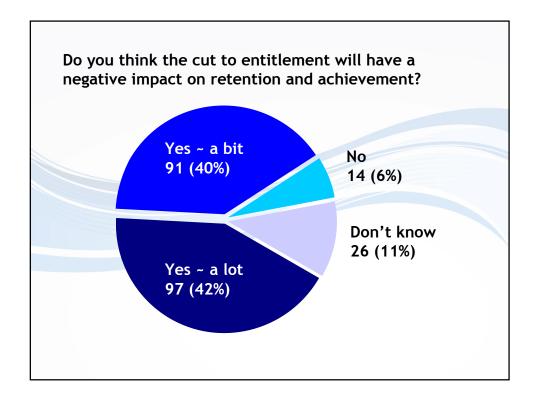






Example of other things being considered

- "Reducing core teaching hours (per week)"
- "Adding an hour to teachers' timetable"
- "Try to increase full cost work to subsidise"
- "Try and add more fundable enrichment quals such as Financial Awareness Certificate"
- "Replace tutorials with a funded PSD qualification"
- "Reducing staff remission for additional responsibilities"



At your school or college, what do you think the impact of the rate cuts will be on the learners?

"Being at College will become a less rounded experience, focussed on churning out qualifications at the expense of everything else."

"We will be less able to respond to individual learner needs and more likely to only offer a one-size fits all model of provision."

"The rate cut will have less of an impact than the removal of the EMA. We can probably manage the rate issue but whether students can afford to turn up is another matter."

"We have only looked at how we can manage the first two years of the cuts the third year looks impossible to us without significant changes in the very nature of what we do. The third year of cuts goes beyond what can be done even by the leanest organisation extracting maximum work from every single member of staff."

